

考研英语（一） 写作强化

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于2016年获博士学位，研究方向为二语习得。

2009年获上海市高级口译资格证书，2010年获英语专业八级证书。

自2010年起在国内大型培训机构任考研、专四专八、四六级教师。

著有《考研英语真题精讲*基础篇》等书籍。





英语写作复习轴线图

突破14+7

功能句型

审题审图精准

个性化模板

3-6月
表达、句型

7-10月
真题话题作文

11-12月
密训-作文押题

批改作文！

英语（一）第二节：图画作文

Directions:

Write an essay of 160-200 words based on the following drawing. In your essay, you should

- 1) describe the drawing briefly,
- 2) explain its intended meaning, and then
- 3) support your view with an example/examples.

You should write neatly on ANSWER SHEET 2.

(20 points)





年份	图画作文话题	应用文话题
2005	赡养老人	邮件：辞职信
2006	盲目追星	邮件：询问信
2007	夸大困难	邮件：建议信
2008	合作精神	邮件：道歉信
2009	网络的近与远	邮件：建议信
2010	文化交流的好处	通知：招募志愿者
2011	环境保护	邮件：推荐信
2012	乐观精神	邮件：欢迎+建议信
2013	大学生毕业后的选择	邮件：邀请信
2014	照顾与关爱老人	邮件：建议信
2015	手机对现实生活中交流的影响	邮件：推荐信
2016	家庭教育：给孩子做榜样	邮件：推荐信
2017	光有书不等于读懂书	通知：告知留学生信息
2018	接受有难度的课程（事物）	邮件：邀请信
2019	坚持不懈的精神	邮件：回复他人的询问
2020	培养良好的习惯	通知：留学生参加运动会
2021	坚持自己正确的选择	邮件：建议信
2022	广泛学习（不止学习专业知识）	邮件：邀请信



1. 基础表达积累

adj.	n.	v.	中文
persistent	persistence	persist in	坚持不懈
cooperative	cooperation	cooperate with	合作
optimistic	optimism	look on the bright side	乐观
frugal	-	-	节约
brave	bravery	-	勇敢
filial	filial piety	be filial to	孝道
independent	independence		独立
innovative	innovation	innovate	创新
diligent	diligence	-	勤奋
helpful	helpfulness	help	乐于助人
humble	humbleness		谦逊
honest	honesty		诚实守信



freshmen 大一新生

sophomores 大二学生

juniors 大三学生

seniors 大四学生

citizens 居民

parents 家长

international students 国际学生/留学生

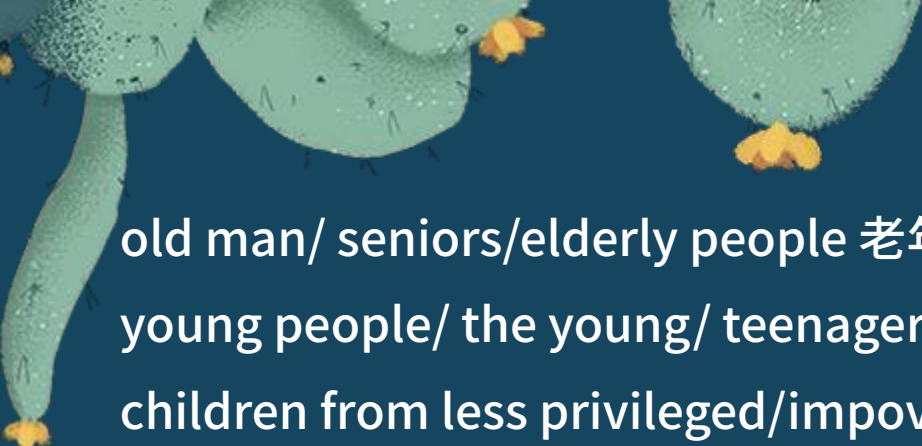
fresh graduates/university graduates 大学毕业生

college / university students 大学生

urban residents/ inhabitants 城市居民

rural residents/ inhabitants 农村居民

overweight teenagers 超重的年轻人



old man/ seniors/elderly people 老年人

young people/ the young/ teenagers/adolescents 年轻人

children from less privileged/impoverished backgrounds

来自贫穷家庭的孩子

children from moneyed/wealthy/privileged families 来自富有家庭的孩子

the handicapped 残疾人

people from different cultural backgrounds 来自不同文化背景的人民

people from all walks of life 来自各行各业的人

overweight teenagers 超重的年轻人

visually-impaired teenagers 视力受损的年轻人

young people who are (patriotic/responsible/innovative/frugal) ...



坐在电脑前 sit in front of a computer

感到犹豫 feel hesitant

关注某人的手机 focus on one's mobile phone

核查这条新闻的可信度 check the reliability of the news

与某人分享某物 share sth with sb

踢足球 play soccer

跑步 run; jog

爬山 climb a mountain

经常锻炼 take exercise regularly

支持彼此 support each other



支持彼此 support each other

搀扶胳膊 hold one's arm

聚餐 have a dinner together

上网 surf the Internet

做作业 do homework

读书 read books

开会 have a meeting

观光 do sightseeing

选课 select courses

上网课 have an online course

网上购物 shop online 上培训班 attend a training course

参观博物馆 visit a museum 看电影 watch a film

打包剩饭生菜 pack leftovers



2. 图片描述

第一段

第1步：图片描述

第2步：翻译图里的中文（对白，心理活动，事物特点）

2. 图片描述

情况一：单图，单人/两个人/一群人的单一动作

It can be seen from the above picture that a college student, sitting in front of a computer, is selecting courses for the new semester. There are two choices for him: informative, creative but difficult courses and courses with few assignments that are easy to pass and offer a high score. The young student feels hesitant and does not know what courses to choose.

从上图可以看到：一位大学生正坐在电脑前选择新学期的课程。在他面前有两个选择：一类是信息量大、创新性高但是难度也大的课程。另一类是作业少、容易通过且容易拿高分的课程。这位学生感到纠结，不知道该选哪些课程。



2. 图片描述

情况一：单图，单人/两个人/一群人的单一动作

As we can see from the ironic picture above, some people, girls and boys, are having a meal party together with lots of delicious food in front of them on the table. However, each of them only focuses on their mobile phone without any chatting at all. The title of the drawing is “A gathering in the era of mobile phones” .

从这幅图片中可以看到一些人在聚会，有男有女，他们面前摆满了各种美食，然而，每个人只顾各自玩手机，全程无交流。本图的题目为“手机时代的聚会”。



2. 图片描述

情况一：单图，单人/两个人/一群人的单一动作

The picture shows two students' reactions to an old man who trips and falls on the ground. The boy is helping the man bandage the wound, and the girl is calling the emergency center, asking for an ambulance. There is one line below the drawing, which goes, "Lending a helping hand to those who are in need is the responsibility of every youngster."

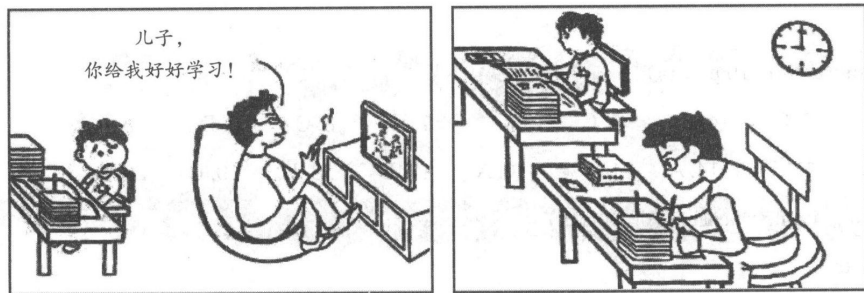
这副图片记录了两个学生对一名摔倒在地老人的反应。男孩在帮老人包扎伤口，女孩在给紧急情况中心打电话，请求一辆救护车。图片下方的字写道：“对需要帮助的人伸出援助之手是我们每个年轻人的职责。”



2. 图片描述

情况二：两幅图/两个人的动作对比

The two pictures above vividly show the interaction between a father and his son in a contrasting way. In the picture on the left, the father is reclining on a sofa watching TV leisurely, but he asks his son to do homework and study hard without any entertainment. By contrast, in the right picture, the father is working beside his son who is studying; he sets a good example for his son. The caption below the pictures goes, “It is better to be an example than to just make demands.”



与其只提要求，不如做个榜样



2. 图片描述

情况二：两幅图/两个人的动作对比

The two pictures above vividly show the interaction between a father and his son in a contrasting way. In the picture on the left, the father is reclining on a sofa watching TV leisurely, but he asks his son to do homework and study hard without any entertainment. By contrast, in the right picture, the father is working beside his son who is studying; he sets a good example for his son. The caption below the pictures goes, “It is better to be an example than to just make demands.”

上述两幅图采对比的方式生动地展现了父亲和儿子的互动。左图中，父亲悠闲地躺在沙发上看电视，却要求孩子认真学习不能娱乐；而在右图中，孩子在学习时，父亲在旁边工作，为孩子做了好榜样。配文是“与其只提要求，不如做个榜样”。



接下来

我们过一下

2010-2021

所有范文的

第一段

并总结模板和句型

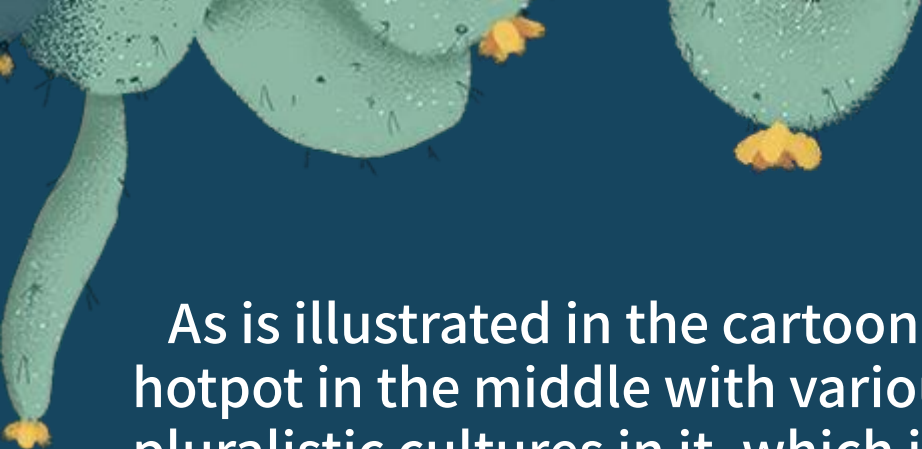
2010年考研英语（一）图画作文范文与点评

Write an essay of 160-200 words based on the following drawing. In your essay, you should

- 1) describe the drawing briefly,
- 2) explain its intended meaning, and then
- 3) give your comments.

You should write neatly on ANSWER SHEET 2.





As is illustrated in the cartoon, there is a boiling hotpot in the middle with various ingredients from pluralistic cultures in it, which include celebrities home and abroad, philosophical concepts, as well as performing arts like Peking Opera, Kong fu and Swan Lake. Below the drawing is a line, which goes,
“The culture hotpot is both delicious and nutritious.”

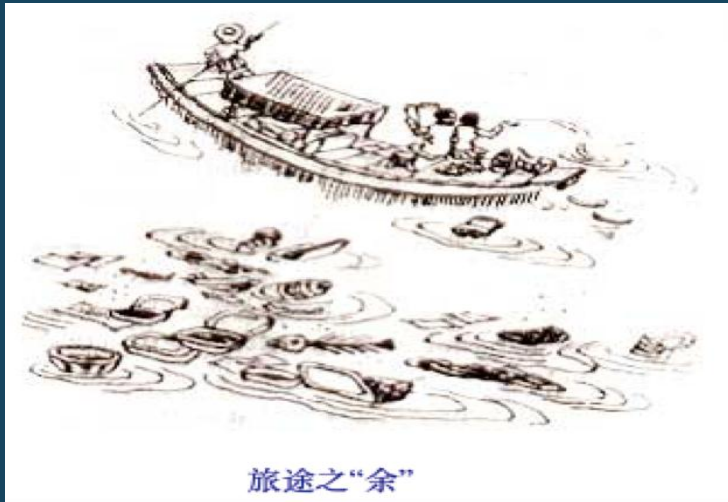
如图所示，图画中间有一个沸腾的火锅，火锅里面放了来自多种文化的各种元素，中外名人，哲学观念，及表演艺术。图画下方有一行字：文化“火锅”既美味又营养。

2011年考研英语（一）图画作文范文与点评

Write an essay of 160-200 words based on the following drawing. In your essay, you should

- 1) describe the drawing briefly,
- 2) explain its intended meaning, and then
- 3) give your comments.

You should write neatly on ANSWER SHEET 2.





As is graphically depicted above, two tourists are sitting in a boat and enjoying the beautiful scenery of a lake. What is shocking is that a large amount of rubbish, thrown causally by them, is floating on the surface of the lake. The title of the picture is “The extra left-overs of traveling” .

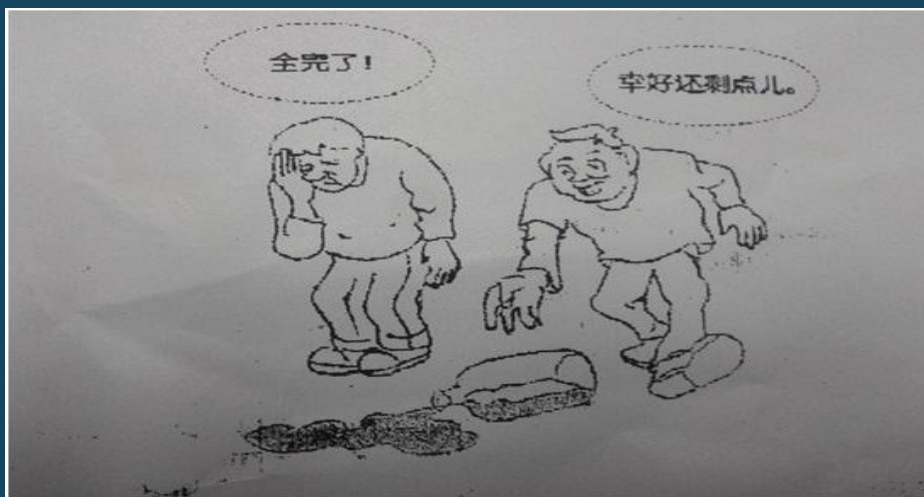
正如上述图片中所述，两位游客正在湖上泛舟、欣赏美景。令人触目惊心的是，他们随手丢弃的大量垃圾漂浮在湖面上。图片的文字说明更是具有讽刺意味：旅途之“余”。

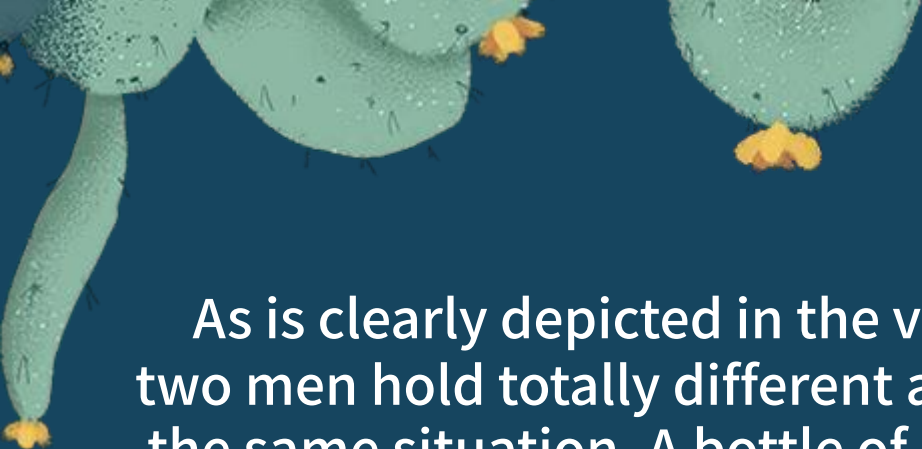
2012年考研英语（一）图画作文范文与点评

Write an essay of 160-200 words based on the following drawing. In your essay, you should

- 1) describe the drawing briefly,
- 2) explain its intended meaning, and then
- 3) support your view with an example/examples.

You should write neatly on ANSWER SHEET 2. (20 points)





As is clearly depicted in the vivid cartoon above, two men hold totally different attitudes when facing the same situation. A bottle of drink was spilled on the ground and only about one-third is left, the man on the left looks quite pessimistic saying, “Ill luck! There is nothing left!” , whereas the man on the right says happily, “So lucky that a little still remains!”

上面的漫画生动且清晰地展现出两个人面对同一情况时截然不同的态度。一瓶饮料洒在地，只剩下1/3,左边的男生看起来非常悲观，并且说“太倒霉了。全完了。”但右边的男生开心地说：“挺幸运的，还剩一半。”

2013年考研英语（一）图画作文范文与点评

Directions:

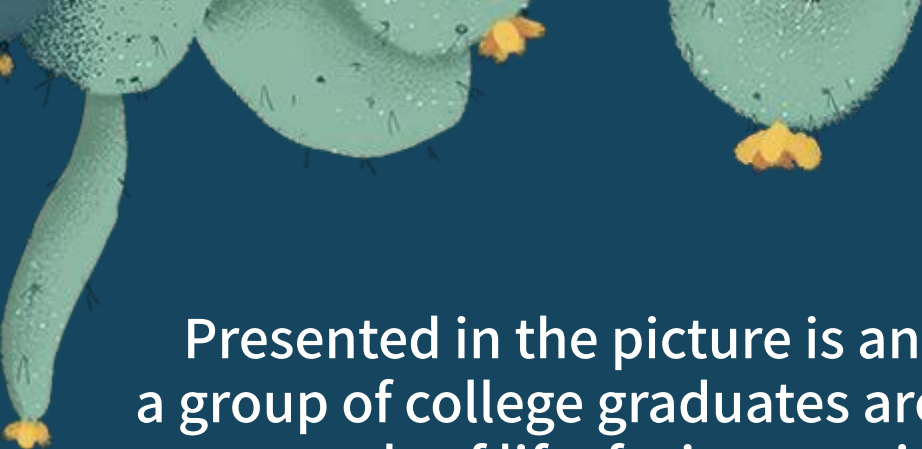
Write an essay of 160-200 words based on the following drawing.

In your essay, you should

- 1) describe the drawing briefly,
- 2) interpret its intended meaning, and
- 3) give your comments.

You should write neatly on the ANSWER SHEET. (20 points)





Presented in the picture is an eye-catching scene: a group of college graduates are standing at the crossroads of life, facing a variety of choices, such as finding a job, pursuing further education, going abroad, and setting up one's own start-ups, which makes them feel quite confused about how to make a choice.

这幅图画呈现了一个非常吸引眼球的场景：一群大学毕业生站在人生的十字路口，面临着“求职”、“考研”、“出国”以及“创业”四种选择，他们感到困惑，不知道究竟应作何选择。

2014年考研英语（一）图画作文范文与点评

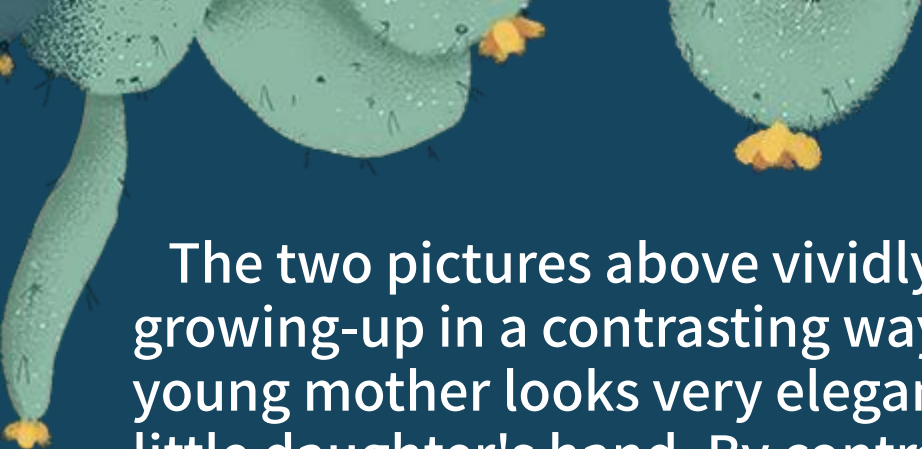
Directions:

Write an essay of 160~200 words based on the following drawing. In your essay, you should

- 1) describe the drawing briefly,
- 2) interpret its intended meaning, and
- 3) give your comments.

You should write neatly on the ANSWER SHEET. (20 points)





The two pictures above vividly show the process of growing-up in a contrasting way. In the left picture, a young mother looks very elegant, and she is holding her little daughter's hand. By contrast, after thirty years, the little girl has grown up and now she is supporting her elderly mother carefully, as is presented in the right picture . Their lives can be described as “mutual company and support” .

上述两幅图采用对比的方法生动形象地展现出“成长”的过程。在左图中，一位年轻优雅的妈妈牵着小女孩的手，而在右图中，三十年后，小女孩长大了搀扶着年迈的妈妈。如文字所表述，他们的人生就是“陪伴”。

2017年考研英语（一）图画作文范文与点评

Directions:

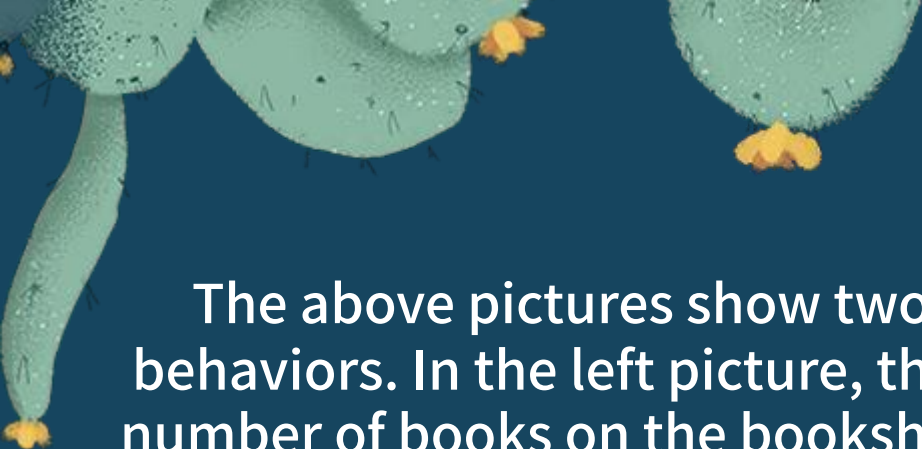
Write an essay of 160-180 words based on the following picture.

In your essay, you should

- 1) describe the picture briefly.
- 2) interpret its intended meaning, and
- 3) give your comments.

You should write neatly on ANSWER SHEET 2. (20 points)





The above pictures show two totally different behaviors. In the left picture, there are quite a large number of books on the bookshelf, and a boy sitting on a comfortable chair is just looking at them, instead of reading any one of them. By contrast, in the right picture, another boy is making a plan on how many books he will read and when to read them. The title of the pictures is “ ‘having books’ and ‘reading books’ ”, which is very thought-provoking.

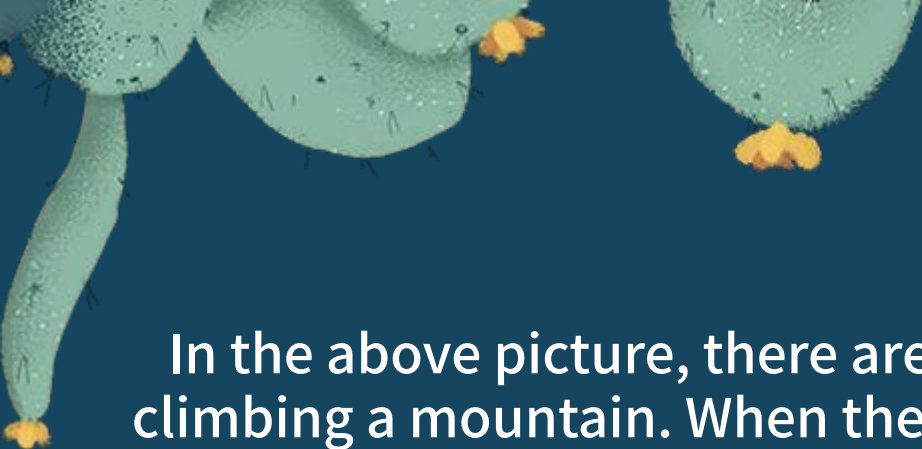
上面两幅图清晰地展现了两种完全不同的行为。在左图中，大量的书摆在书架上，一个男孩坐在软椅上悠闲地望着它们，而没有读它们。相反，在右侧图片中，一个男孩正在给自己制定计划，要读多少本书以及什么时候读。图片配文令人深思：“有书”和“读书”。

2019年考研英语（一） 图画作文范文与点评

Write an essay of 160-200 words based on the following drawing. In your essay, you should

- 1) describe the drawing briefly,
- 2) explain its intended meaning, and then
- 3) give your comments.





In the above picture, there are two young people climbing a mountain. When they are halfway to the mountaintop, suddenly, one of them stops and sits down, saying, “I quit” , while the other man encourages him to keep climbing after taking a break.

上图中，有两位年轻人在登山。在他们登顶的途中，突然，其中一位年轻人停了下来，他坐下来说道：“我不爬了”，而另一位年轻人则鼓励他休息片刻后继续爬山。

2020年考研英语（一） 图画作文范文与点评

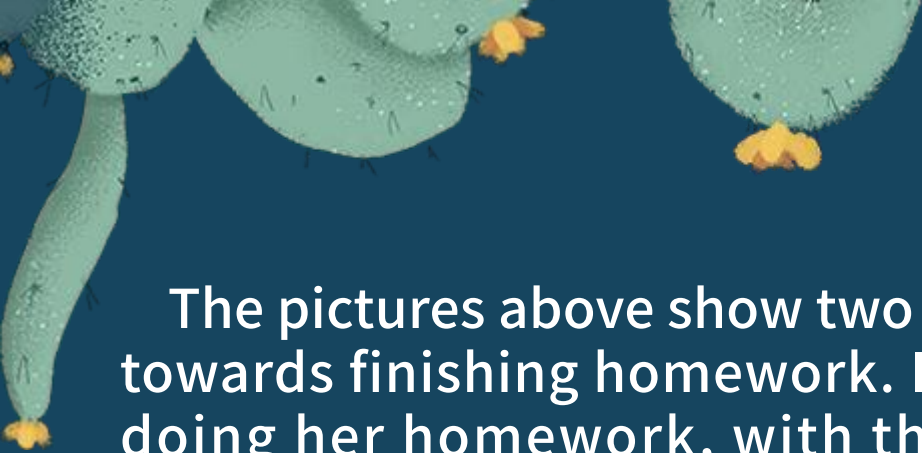
Write an essay of 160-200 words based on the following drawing.

In your essay, you should

- 1) describe the drawing briefly,
- 2) explain its intended meaning, and then
- 3) give your comments.

You should write neatly on ANSWER SHEET 2. (20 points)





The pictures above show two students' different attitudes towards finishing homework. In the left picture, the girl is doing her homework, with the thought that she should finish it as soon as possible. However, the boy in the right picture is not focusing on his homework, and he plans to finish it before the deadline. The title of the picture is “Habit” .

上图展示了两名学生对家庭作业的不同态度。左图中的女孩正在做作业，想着一定要尽早完成作业。但是，右图里的男孩并没有将注意力集中在家庭作业上，而且打算在截止日期再完成。本图标题是“习惯”。

2021年考研英语（一） 图画作文范文与点评

Write an essay of 160-200 words based on the following drawing. In your essay, you should

- 1) describe the drawing briefly,
- 2) explain its intended meaning, and then
- 3) give your comments.

You should write neatly on ANSWER SHEET 2.
(20 points)





In the above picture, there is a little boy in opera costume, wearing a mask, who looks like the Monkey King Son Goku, a classic character in *The Journey to the West*. He is having a conversation with his father, saying, “Dad, many of my classmates think that acting in an opera is boring.” His father replies, “You like it, right? That is enough.”

上图中，一个小男孩穿着戏剧服饰，戴着面具，看起来像《西游记》里经典人物美猴王——孙悟空。他正和爸爸聊天，他说：“爸爸，很多同学觉得学唱戏不好玩。”他的爸爸回答说：“你自己不是喜欢吗？那就足够了。”



第一段句型总结

可用句型1: There be + n. +v-ing

本句型可用于考研英语（一）第一自然段，用于描述图片，引出图片中的人在做什么，现在分词v-ing说明这个人的动作状态。注意：这里的be动词和v-ing并不构成现在进行时。例如：

In this picture, there is a robust boy running on the playground.

在这幅图中，有一个健壮的小男孩在操场上跑步。

提醒大家：is和running并不构成现在进行时。running只是在说明小男孩的运动状态。



第一段句型总结

再来看一个例句：

In this picture, there are two handicapped men supporting each other and moving forward.

在这幅图中，有两个残疾人互相支撑着一起向前走。

再次提醒：are与supporting、moving并不构成现在进行时。
supporting 和 moving 只是说明two handicapped men的运动状态。



第一段句型总结

描述事物

As is illustrated in the picture, in the middle, there be 一东西一, with n., // in which _____//that_____.

As is illustrated in the cartoon, there is a boiling hotpot in the middle with various ingredients from diverse cultures in it.

As is illustrated in the cartoon, there is a boiling hotpot in the middle in which there are various ingredients from diverse cultures.



第一段句型总结 描述事物

N, 非谓语动作, 谓语动作

A large amount of rubbish, thrown (被动) casually by them,
is floating on the surface of the lake.



第一段句型总结

描述人物

Sb be ving 现在进行动作

Two tourists are sitting in the boat and enjoying the picturesque view.

Sb, ving非谓语动词, be v谓语动作

Two tourists , sitting in the boat, are enjoying the picturesque view.



第一段句型总结

描述人物的特征+说话

The man on the left looks quite pessimistic系表 saying非谓语, “Ill luck! There is nothing left!”

描述人物的动作+内心所想

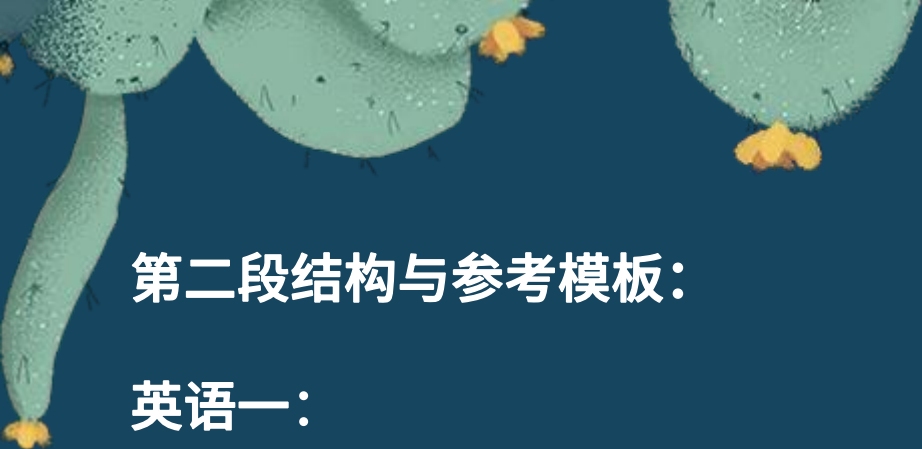
The girl in the picture is doing homework, **thinking that** she should finish homework as soon as possible.

图片下方有一句话, 写道

There is one line below the picture, which goes, “*****.”

图片的标题是

The title of the picture is “XX” .



P2

第1步：图片传达的道理

第2步：背景

第3步：原因

第4步：影响

第二段结构与参考模板：

英语一：

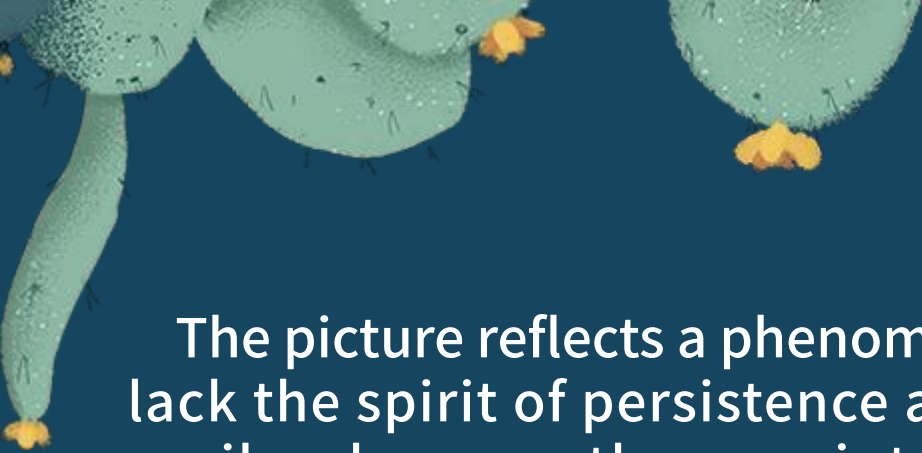
The message conveyed in the picture is that_____.

With people's living standards improving（或其它合适背景），
_____重申现象_____.

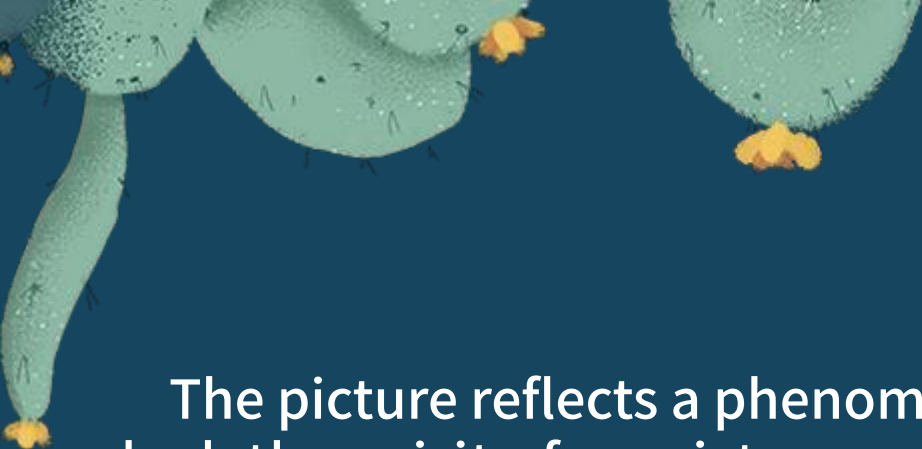
_____原因1_____. Also, 原因2.

坏现象：If this situation continues, we would 负面结果1. And it can even 负面结果2.

好现象：If we can _____, 好结果。



The picture reflects a phenomenon that some young people lack the spirit of persistence and therefore are liable to quit easily whenever they run into any difficulty **图片传达的道理**. These young people may have been excessively spoiled by their parents who do not teach them the significance of perseverance. So when they are tired and feel overwhelmed, the first word that comes to their mind is “quit” . Also, a small proportion of young people are not ambitious enough, they will not set a goal that needs them to be perseverant to achieve **两条原因**. In today's society, which is full of fierce competition, less persistent young people may end up living a busy but fruitless life **后果**.



The picture reflects a phenomenon that some young people lack the spirit of persistence and therefore are liable to quit easily whenever they run into any difficulty. 图片传达的道理. These young people may have been excessively spoiled by their parents who do not teach them the significance of perseverance. So when they are tired and feel overwhelmed, the first word that comes to their mind is “quit” . Also, a small proportion of young people are not ambitious enough, they will not set a goal that needs them to be perseverant to achieve 两条原因. In today's society, which is full of fierce competition, less persistent young people may end up living a busy but fruitless life. 后果.



第二段

第1句：说明图画里传达的深层含义

可用句型：The picture reflects a not unusual phenomenon in our society that...

这幅图展示了社会上很常见的一种现象：……

例句：The picture reflects a not unusual phenomenon in our society that nowadays some young people do not want to shoulder the responsibility to take care of their parents.

这幅图反映了我们社会中存在的一种并不罕见的现象——如今，一些年轻人不想承担起照顾父母的责任。



第二段 必背 背景（with结构不是句子，只是帮我们引出背景，后面还需要写个句子）

With the improvement of people's living standards, people pay more attention to their health.

随着人民生活水平的提高, 随着人们越来越重视健康

With the advent of various electronic devices, ...

随着各种各样电子产品的出现

With governments' investment in _____ increasing, ...

随着政府在_____方面的投资增多

With increasing chances to expose foreign cultures, ...

随着了解外国文化的机会越来越多



第二段必背原因

原因分析

可用句型1: Two primary reasons can account for this phenomenon. First, ... Second, ...

两个原因可以解释这个现象。第一, 第二,

当然, 你也可以不按这么刻板的模式来写。稍后的范文里, 会向大家展示如何用很自然的方式解释原因。



第二段必背原因

可用句型2：原因句+v-ing（现在分词作状语）引出结果

不知道现在讲这个句型会不会有点难度。有的时候我们需要多一点的句型变化来让自己的作文更出彩。描述因果关系时，有的时候可以先写原因部分，再接上v-ing（现在分词作状语）引出结果。请注意：原因句必须写成一个成分齐全的句子。那我们来看两个例句吧！

1) Cigarettes contain a large amount of poisonous substances, leading to fatal illnesses.

香烟中含有大量有毒物质，会导致各种致命疾病。

2) The government implements a package of favorable policies, rendering it less risky for young people to establish their own start-ups.

政府颁布了一揽子有利政策，降低了年轻人创业的风险。

一定记住：原因部分要写成一个完整的句子，后面用现在分词v-ing引出结果。



第二段必背原因

Facing fierce competition, young people **need to** devote themselves to their jobs.

面对激烈的竞争，年轻人不得不投入工作。

Parents are fully occupied with their jobs, so they do not have much time to accompany their children.

家长们忙于工作，所以没有时间陪伴孩子们。

Some parents have not taught their children about the importance of…
有些家长没有教育孩子们…的重要性。



第二段必背原因

Being addicted to electronic devices, young people are not willing to spend time reading.

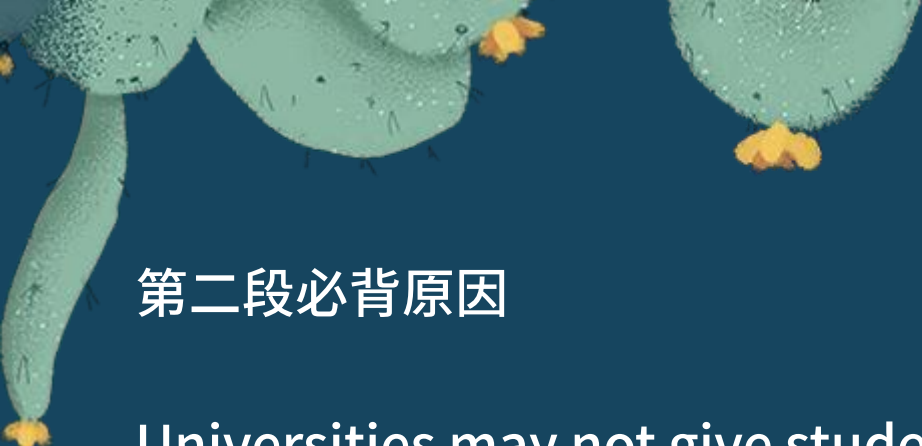
由于沉迷网络, 年轻人不愿意花时间阅读。

Teenagers are not self-disciplined.

青少年不够自律。

Young people do not have the awareness of...

年轻人没有…的意识。



第二段必背原因

Universities may not give students adequate guidance.
大学可能没有给予学生足够的指导。

More and more private cars are contributing to greenhouse gas emissions.
越来越多的私家车导致更多的温室气体排放。

More parents are paying attention to their children's education quality.
越来越多的家长重视孩子们的教育质量。

People have realized the importance of _____.
人们已经认识到了_____的重要性。

*也可以考虑举例论证或对比论证来证明主题。



第二段

强调这一现象的社会意义/某种品质的重要性

注意：有时，我们也可以将强调社会意义与重要性放在第三段的开头，这取决于你第二段的原因分析部分字数多不多。如不多，这句可以放在第二段结尾，如果多，则可以放在第三段开头。

可用句型1: **** has been a cherished cultural tradition in China for thousands of years.

考研写作中可写的例句：

Filial piety has been a cherished cultural tradition in China for thousands of years.

数千年来，孝顺一直是中国一个备受推崇的文化传统。



第二段

可用句型2: it is ... that/who... 强调句型

强调句型大家应该都学过，可以灵活地使用在各种考试的作文里。在考研写作中可以用本句型来强化文章主题。

考研写作中可写的例句：

1) It is perseverance that often renders it possible for us to be successful.

通常，正是因为坚持不懈我们才能取得成功。



第二段

2)It is the spirit of accepting challenges that has enabled him to acquire more useful skills , thus making him more competitive among his peers.

正是敢于接受挑战的精神使得他掌握了各种有用的技能，从而让他在同辈中更具有竞争力。

3)It is our parents who will always be ready to lend us a helping hand unconditionally whenever we get into trouble.

无论何时，只要我们遇到困难，随时准备无条件向我们伸出援手的人只有我们的父母。



第三段模板

P3

第1步：点评好坏

第2步：措施

英语一 第三段模板

_____ has been a cherished virtue in traditional Chinese culture for thousands of years. To maintain this vital virtue, relevant departments should _____. And young people who _____ should be encouraged and awarded. Let's work together to _____.



第三段模板

Saving food has been a cherished virtue in traditional Chinese culture for thousands of years. To maintain this vital virtue, relevant departments should promote the importance of saving food. And young people who save food should be encouraged and awarded. Let's work together to save food and value the hard work of those farmers.



第三段模板

节约粮食一直是中华民族几千年来的传统美德。为了遵守这个重要美德，有关部门需要宣传节约粮食的重要性。节约粮食的年轻人也应该被鼓励和奖励。让我们一起共同节约粮食，珍惜农民们的辛劳。



第三段可给出的建议

可用句型1: equal attention should be paid to A and B
A与B应得到同样的关注。

本句型可以用于考研写作的第三段，其功能为给出建议。

考研写作中可写的例句：

Equal attention should be paid to learning theoretical knowledge and acquiring practical skills.

应该同样关注学习理论知识和掌握实践技能。



第三段可给出的建议

稍作改动，这个句型可以变为：

equal priority should be paid to A and B。

例如：

Equal priority should be given to economic development and environmental protection.

经济发展和环境保护应该并重。



第三段可给出的建议

It is necessary for sb to do sth. 某人有必要做某事

Reading is the best workout for our brain, so it is necessary for us to read more.

阅读是最好的脑力锻炼，所以我们应该多读书。



第三段可给出的建议

Authorities concerned should implement some necessary policies and regulations to do...

有关部门应该实施一些必要的政策和相关条例，以……

Authorities concerned should implement some necessary policies and regulations to punish those irresponsible young people who refuse to take care of their elderly parents.

有关部门应该实施一些必要的政策和相关条例，以惩罚拒绝照料父母的不负责任的年轻人。



Young people should

acquire various practical skills 掌握各种实践技能

equip themselves with professional knowledge 用专业知识武装自己

have a better understanding of their merits and needs 更好地了解自己的优点与需求

improve their social skills 提升社交技能

improve their problem-solving skills 提升解决问题的能力

improve their foreign language proficiency 提高外语水平

regularly take exercises / exercise on a regular basis 经常锻炼

develop the habit of reading 养成阅读的习惯

bravely face and conquer their difficulties

勇敢面对并战胜困难

protect the environment /improve their awareness of environmental protection

保护环境/提高环保意识

save energy 节约能源

have a better understanding of foreign cultures 更好地了解外国文化

be proud of/celebrate/embrace traditional culture 为自己的传统文化感到骄傲

resist the temptation of online games / online shopping 抵制网络游戏/购物的诱惑

strike a balance between study and part-time jobs 平衡好学习与兼职



Parents should

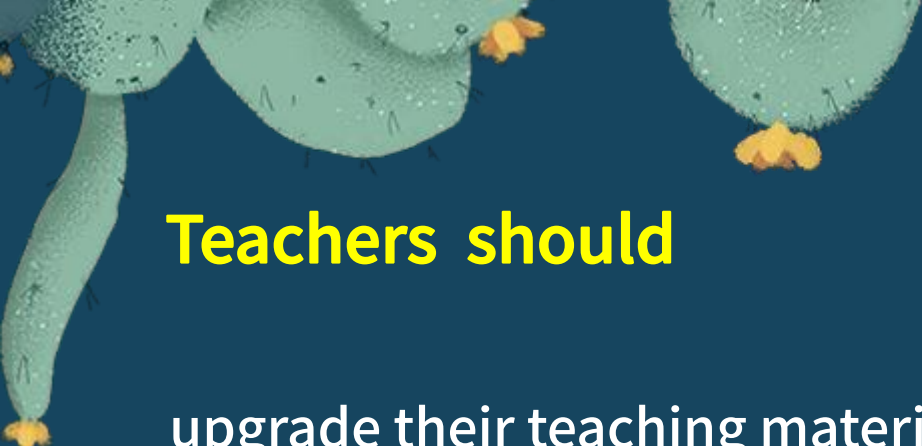
set an example for their children / be their kids' role models
为孩子们树立好榜样

accompany their children / spend quality time with their kids
陪伴孩子

understand their children 理解孩子

teach their children the importance of... 教育孩子们...的重要性

instill in their kids a sense of ... 给孩子注入...感



Teachers should

upgrade their teaching materials 升级教材

understand the needs of their students
了解学生需求

motivate their students to study harder
鼓励学生们更努力地学习

encourage students to create and think outside the box
/ to think independently and critically
鼓励学生独立地且具有批判性思维地思考



Universities should

hold more social activities to enrich students' campus life
举办更多社交活动以丰富学生们的校园生活

provide students with job training
给学生们提供职业技能培训

improve their scientific research strength
提升科研能力

invest in programs and facilities
对教学项目与设施进行投资



Governments should

focus their budgets on ... 对...进行投资

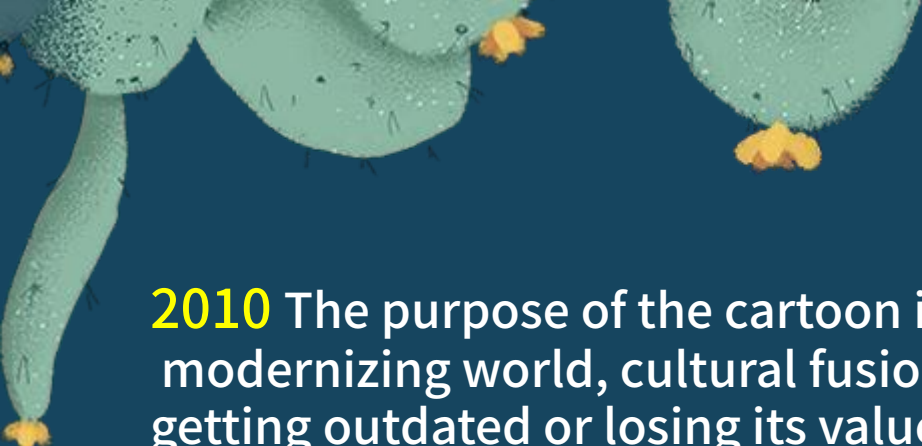
punish those who do not obey rules / punish perpetrators
惩罚不守规矩的人

punish those factories that contaminate our environment
惩罚污染环境的工厂

enhance people' s awareness of ...
提高人们的...意识

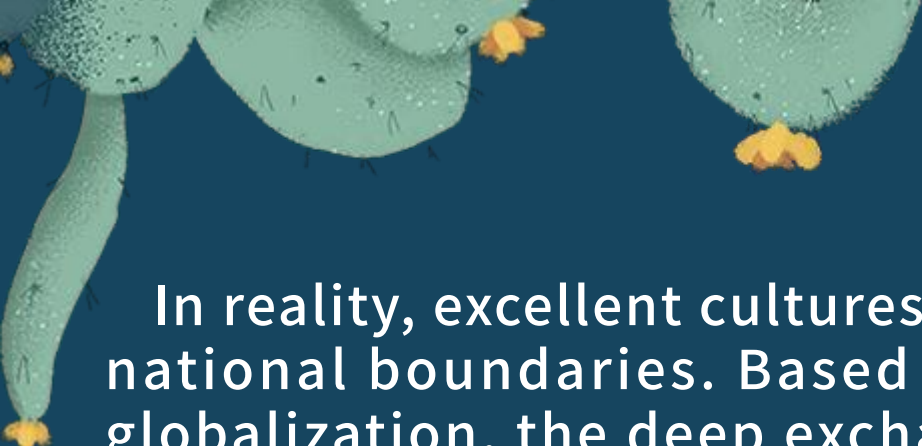
carry out some policies to v..... /to curb the negative
influence of ...
颁布政策来.../ 颁布政策来减少...的负面影响

educate people on the importance of ...
教育人们...的重要性



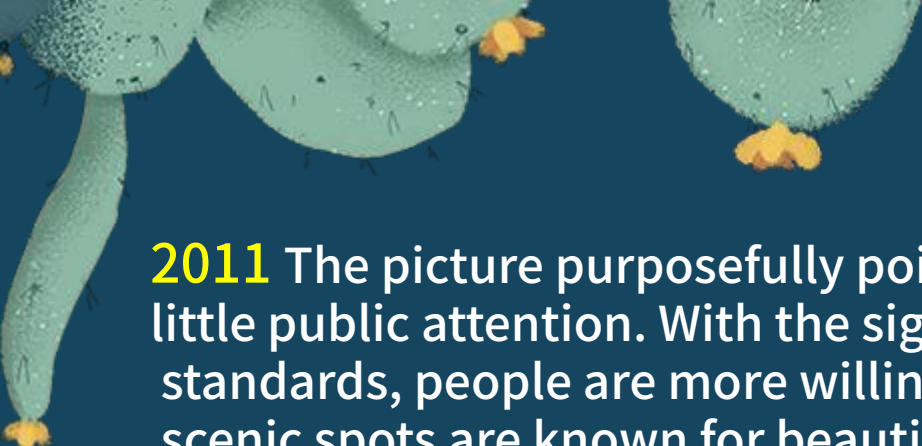
2010 The purpose of the cartoon is to show us that in this rapidly modernizing world, cultural fusion is right rising up, instead of getting outdated or losing its value. On the one hand, something fresh and fashionable has been injected into our traditional Chinese culture, which helps us to re-examine our traditional culture and brings us a new approach to inherit and protect it. On the other hand, if we, who are deeply influenced by Chinese Confucianism, can embrace foreign cultures with Confucian ideas such as “benevolence” and “harmony” , it is possible for us to take the essence and discard the dregs.

这幅漫画旨在告诉我们：在现代化快速发展的世界里，文化融合并未过时或失去价值，而是正当其时。一方面，传统的中国文化里注入了新鲜时髦的信息，有助于我们重新审视传统文化，换一种思路对其进行传承和保护；另一方面，深受中国儒家思想熏陶的我们，如能以“仁”、“和”这样的儒家思想包容外来文化，也能取其精华去其糟粕。



In reality, excellent cultures, Chinese and foreign, know no national boundaries. Based on the major development of globalization, the deep exchanges and integration of multi cultures are on the track. What we are supposed to do is to understand and learn from foreign cultures with an open mind. Meanwhile, we also shall pay more attention to the inheritance and development of our traditional culture.

事实上，不论是中国还是外国文化，优秀的文化是没有国界的。全球化发展到今天，文化的深度交流和融合是大势所趋。我们应该以开放的心态了解、学习外来文化，同时也应该更加注重本土传统文化的继承和发扬。



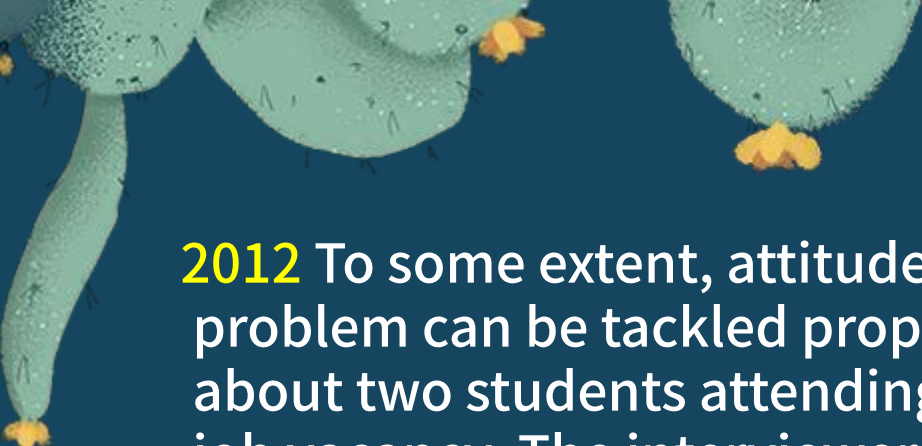
2011 The picture purposefully points out a kind of pollution that arouses little public attention. With the significant improvement of living standards, people are more willing to travel during holidays. Some hot scenic spots are known for beautiful scenery and rich recreational activities but they are often labeled as “rubbish dumps” . People enjoy the scenery and food while discarding garbage everywhere, which not only pollutes the environment, ruins the beautiful views, but also damages the image of tourist attractions in the eyes of foreigners . Some people argue that because they could not find a trash can around them, they had to discard their trash casually. Perhaps, this is a possible factor, but it is by no means an excuse for evading responsibilities.

图片特意揭示了一种不受公众关注的污染。随着生活水平的显著提高，人们更愿意在假期出游。一些热门景点风景优美、休闲活动丰富，但是却常常被贴上“垃圾堆”的标签。人们一边享受美景、美食，一边随手丢弃垃圾，不但污染了环境，破坏了美景，而且破坏了景点在国际友人心中的形象。有人争辩说：是因为没有在附近找到垃圾桶才不得不随意丢弃垃圾。也许这是一个可能的因素，但绝不是逃避责任的借口。



The sign “Everyone is responsible for protecting the environment” can be seen almost everywhere in scenic spots. It should never just be a slogan. We shall do our uttermost to put it into practice. It is recommended that tourist attractions do better in building and managing their facilities and improving their services. As tourists, we ought to sort the waste, put the rubbish in the bin and protect the environment, out of self-consciousness.

在各大景点，“保护环境，人人有责”的提示牌随处可见。它永远都不应该只是一句口号，我们更应身体力行，践行落实。建议旅游景点更好地建设、管理设施，提升服务。作为游客的我们，应该自觉进行垃圾分类，垃圾入箱，保护环境。

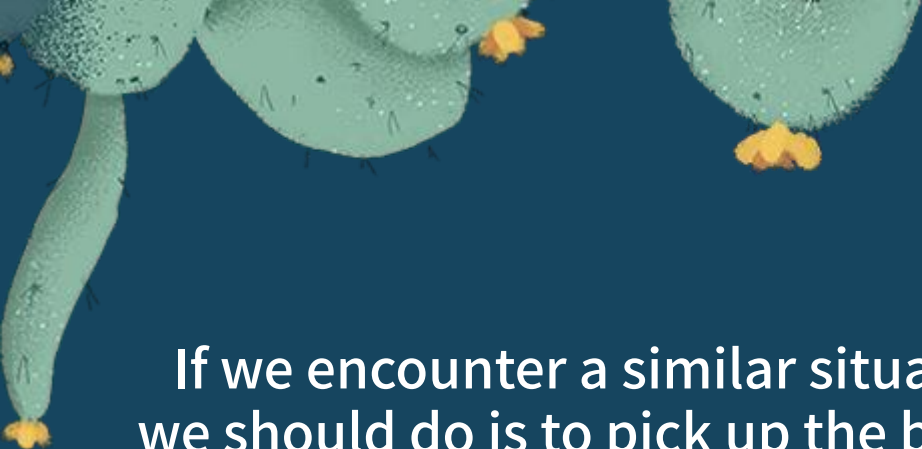


2012 To some extent, attitude determines whether a problem can be tackled properly. I read a story before about two students attending an interview for the same job vacancy. The interviewer made basically the same remarks on their education background and interview performance. After that, one of them felt pretty negative and thought that the interviewer's intention was to reject his application, so he decided not to spend time and energy on the second round of interview. In contrast, the another held a positive view and chose to accept the interviewer's advice to make himself better prepared for attending the second interview. Undoubtedly, he came through it successfully. Someone who is often too negative and pessimistic is destined to fail to seize an opportunity. By contrast, with an optimistic and positive attitude, we will always strive harder and manage to succeed.



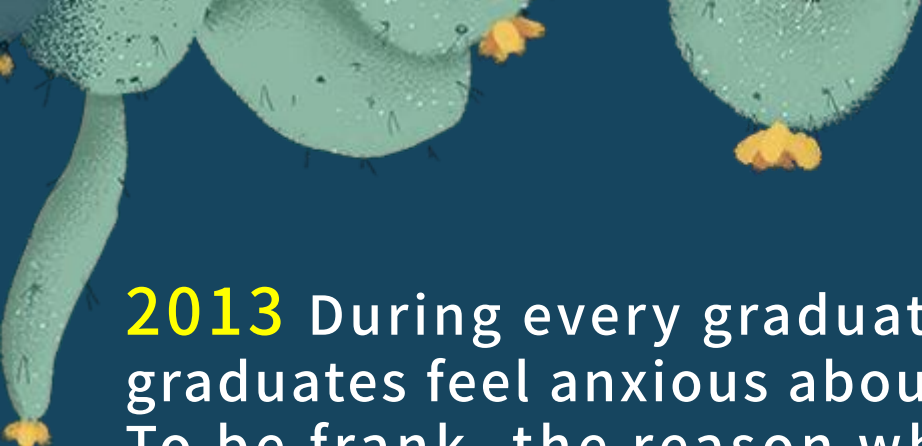
2012

在一定程度上，态度决定了一个问题能否得到妥善解决。我读到过这样一个故事：两个学生参加同一场面试，面试官对两个人说了相同的话，但一个人觉得很悲观，认为面试官的言下之意就是拒绝，因此不再花费时间和精力准备第二场面试，相反，另外一个人很积极，他选择听取面试官的建议并积极准备。毫无疑问，他最终顺利通过了面试。消极、悲观的人注定抓不住机遇。然而，有了乐观积极的心态，我们就会更加努力，从而取得成功。



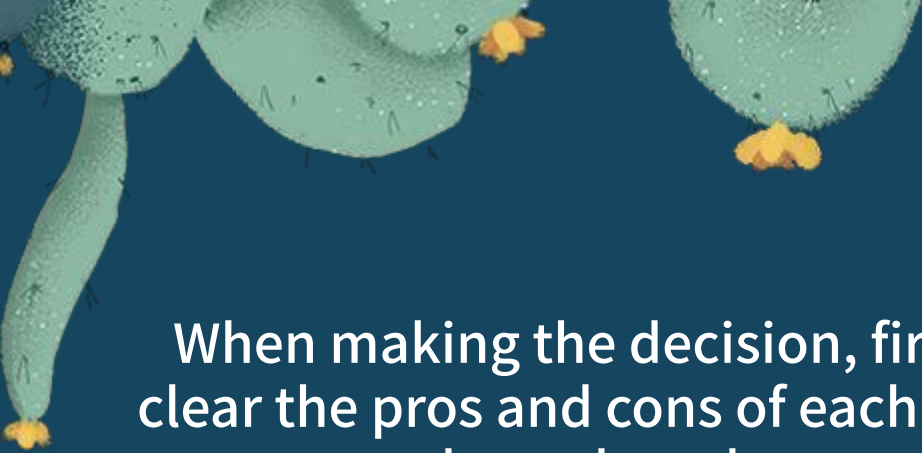
If we encounter a similar situation in the cartoon, what we should do is to pick up the bottle in time and save the remaining part. Moreover, we are supposed to think about what kinds of remedies we could take rather than complaining about luck or blaming others.

假如我们碰到漫画中的相似情形，我们要做的应该是及时捡起瓶子，留住所剩的部分。而且，我们应该积极思考是否有补救措施，而不是怨天尤人。



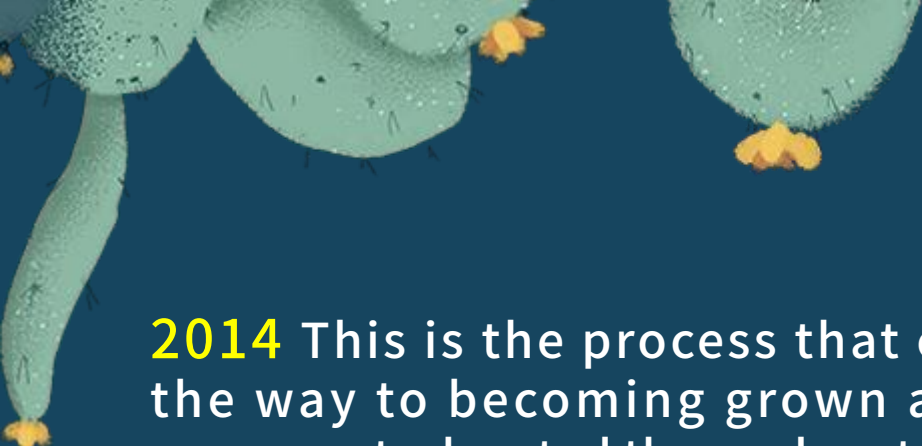
2013 During every graduation season, a large number of graduates feel anxious about choosing the right way to go. To be frank, the reason why many college students are entangled is that they do not know what they really want to pursue. They did not set a clear goal at the time of admission, and did not have a distinct study and career development plan at all during university. Even they did not realize what happened until the arrival of graduation.

在每一年的毕业季，众多毕业生感到十分焦虑，不知道毕业后何去何从。其实，很多大学生在这个阶段纠结的原因在于不知道自己到底想要什么？他们入校时没有明确目标，大学期间也没有对未来职业发展的明确规划。恍恍惚惚就到了毕业季。



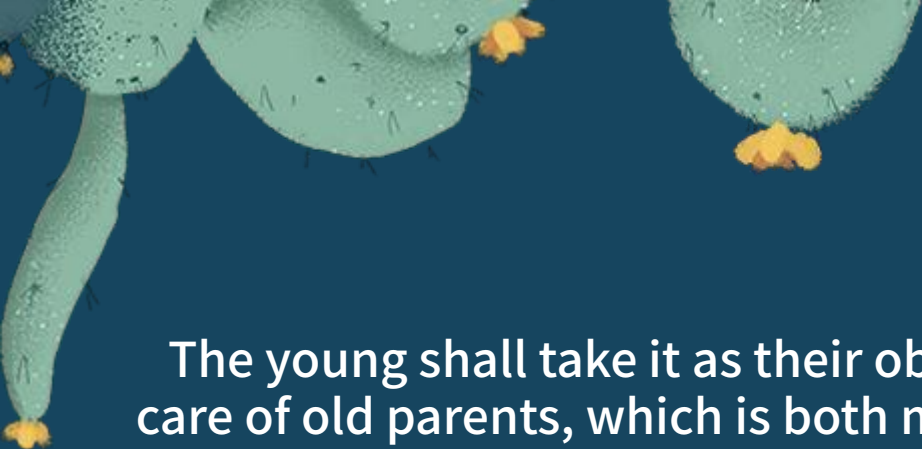
When making the decision, first of all, you shall make clear the pros and cons of each choice, and analyze your own strengths and weaknesses objectively so as to find a suitable path. Second, you shall be confident in yourself and believe that you can make the right choice. In addition, only when you have the patience and perseverance to encounter obstacles can you reach the summit of success.

要想知道未来怎么走，首先要明确每条路的利与弊，客观分析自己的长处与短处，找到一条适合自己的道路。其次，应对自己充满信心，相信自己一定可以作出正确的选择。除此之外，只有保有克服困难的耐心和持之以恒的决心，才能勇登成功的巅峰。



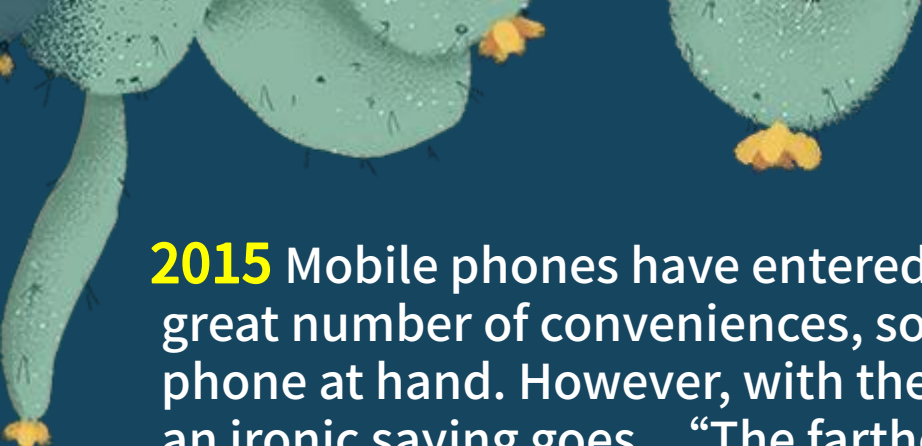
2014 This is the process that every one of us must experience on the way to becoming grown and mature. When we were young, our parents devoted themselves to accompanying and taking care of us as well as educating us for thirty years without a stop. As thirty years go by, they are getting older while we are becoming more mature and stronger. It is the right time for us to accompany and look after them in turn. However, there are some young people in our society who only care about themselves. What is worse, some may regard the elderly as a heavy burden.

这是我们每一个人成长、成熟路上所必经的过程。当我们年幼时，父母倾注了他们全部的精力陪伴我们，照顾我们，培养我们，三十年从未中断。而三十年后，他们渐渐变老，我们越加成熟、强大，该是我们陪伴和照顾他们的时候了。然而，社会中有一些年轻人只顾自己。更过分的事，有一些子女甚至认为老人是负担。



The young shall take it as their obligation to respect and take care of old parents, which is both moral and legal. Let's bear this in mind, only by doing so, can we set up an example for the following generation and make the society we are living in happier and more harmonious.

无论是从道德角度，还是从法律角度，年轻人都有赡养和照顾年迈父母的义务。我们要牢记这一点：因为只有通过这样做，我们才能为下一代树立好榜样，也才能让社会更加幸福和谐。



2015 Mobile phones have entered into our daily life bringing a great number of conveniences, so almost every person has a phone at hand. However, with the popularization of phones, as an ironic saying goes, “The farthest distance all over the world exists when two persons sit together but fix attention on their own mobile phone.” Nowadays, the scene of a great reunion with good friends chatting with each other has largely gone since they just hold their phones all the time to send red packets, take photos, post moments and play games. Being addicted to mobile phones, we find it easier to ignore realistic face-to-face communication.

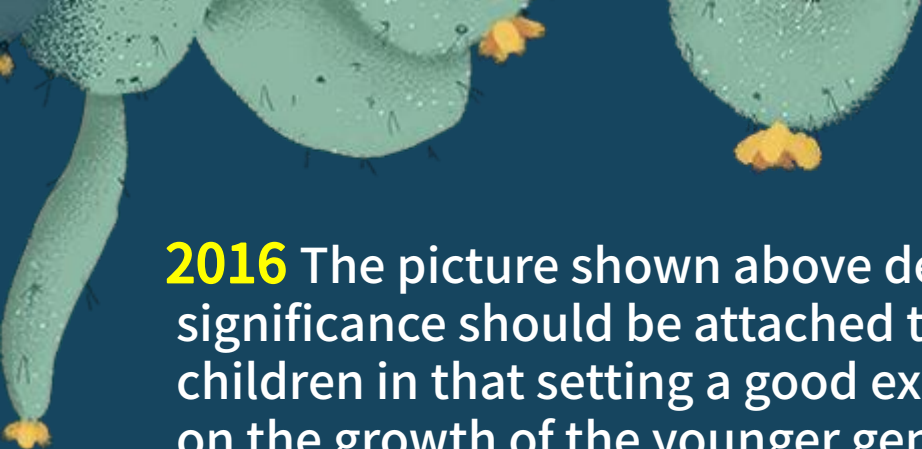
手机融入了人们的点滴生活中，为日常生活带来诸多便利，出现了人手一部手机的现象。然而，正如一个讽刺的说法所言：“世界上最遥远的距离莫过于我坐在你旁边而你在玩手机”。在当今时代，朋友们团聚的饭桌上，欢乐聊天的情景已不常见，而是大家都拿起手机抢红包、拍照片、发动态、玩游戏。沉迷于手机使得人们忽视现实面对面的沟通和交流。



2015

Living in the era of mobile phones, we shall clarify the true meaning of life, cherish the reality, and spend much more time with those who are important to us. We are supposed to devote more time to our family and friends to bring much companionship and emotional warmth to them. Put mobile phones aside, and talk to people around us as, after all, face-to-face communication and talking while looking others in the eye are the most efficient and pleasant way of communication.

生活在手机时代，我们应该明晰生活的真谛，珍惜现实，把时间留给身边重要的人。我们应该花更多时间与家人、朋友交流，给他们多一些陪伴和情感的温暖。放下手机，与身边的人进行交流，毕竟，面对面交流以及看着对方眼睛说话才是最高效、最愉快的沟通方式。



2016 The picture shown above demonstrates that utmost significance should be attached to the influence of parents on children in that setting a good example can exert a great impact on the growth of the younger generation. Previously, a real-life example has been reported to the public. A mother, in order to encourage her daughter to pursue further education, started to study together with her daughter for the same test, believing that efforts would give them access to the summit of success step by step. She kept putting great efforts into her study, and her example greatly encouraged and inspired her girl. Finally and unsurprisingly, both the mother and her daughter were admitted to their favored universities.

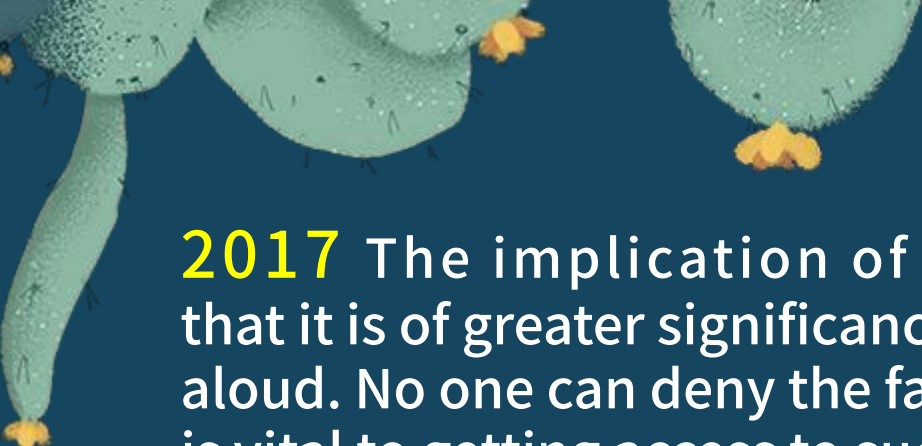
上述图片表面：一定要极其重视家长对子女的影响，因为父母的好榜样足以对年轻一代的成长产生重大影响。之前，新闻报道过一个现实的例子：一位母亲为了鼓励孩子继续深造，自己也陪女儿一起备考。她相信努力一定能让她们登上成功的顶峰。她的榜样极大地激励了女儿。最后，母亲和孩子都考上了心仪的大学，这个结果也在意料之中。



2016

The power of role models is infinite; the words and deeds of parents are especially significant to their children. Setting a good example for their children not only is beneficial to the improvement of their own comprehensive qualities, but also can affect their children's whole life through detailed education.

榜样的力量是无穷的，尤其是父母的言传身教对于孩子而言更是至关重要。为孩子树立优秀的榜样，不仅对自己综合素质的提升大有裨益，而且能通过细节的教育影响孩子的一生。



2017 The implication of the set of pictures is apparently that it is of greater significance to take actions than to speak aloud. No one can deny the fact that taking concrete actions is vital to getting access to success. If you never take actions, you will never have a chance to make a dream come true. In other words, the more actions you take, the more likely you are going to obtain skills, knowledge as well as pieces of experience necessary for success. Once a time, I noticed a piece of news about a security guard working for Peking University several years ago, who loved reading all kinds of books during his spare time in the library. He was fully aware that if he wanted to change his fate, more efforts needed to be made. Fortunately, he succeeded in being admitted by the Central Academy of Fine Arts to pursue further study.



2017

这组图揭示了一个道理：行动比空谈更重要。无可否认，采取务实的行动对于获得成功而言更为重要。如果你不采取任何行动，就根本没有机会获得成功。换句话说，多行动，就能多积累成功所必须的技能、知识和经验。之前，看到过一则新闻，是关于几年前北京大学的一位保安的。他非常喜欢读书，经常在不值班的时间就泡在图书馆里看书，他深知如果想改变自己的命运，就要下更多的功夫。幸运的是，他最后实现了自己的梦想，进入中央美术学院继续深造。



2017

Only by putting things into practice can we really get closer to our dream. As a Chinese saying goes, “The long journey of a thousand miles starts with a single step.”

只有付诸于行动和实践，才能更接近梦想。正如一句中国谚语所说：“不积跬步，无以至千里”。



2018 The picture reflects a widespread phenomenon in contemporary China that quite a number of university students will prefer easier courses to those more demanding ones. The following facts can well justify their choice. First of all, some college students do not fully understand the meaning and significance of receiving higher education. What they want to do is to pass finals and get a diploma with least efforts. In addition, some students may have been overprotected by their parents before attending university, so they dare not or are reluctant to face and solve difficulties on their own. As a result, they will try everything possible to avoid challenges even if these challenges can make them more outstanding and competitive in future.



2018

这幅图反映了当代中国的一个普遍现象：不少大学生倾向于选择难度低的课程，而不是要求高的课程。以下事实可以很好地解释他们为何如此做选择。首先，有些大学生并不完全理解高等教育的意义与重要性。他们只想用最少的努力通过期末考试、拿到学位。此外，有些学生上大学前可能受到了家长的过度保护，所以他们不敢或不愿意独立面对和解决难题。因此，他们会竭尽全力躲避挑战，即便这些挑战能让他们以后更出色、更具竞争力。



2018

As far as I am concerned, attending university is not about obtaining a degree, but about improving one's abilities and broadening one's horizons. If students want to make the most of university, they must seize every opportunity to learn something challenging, if this something is beneficial. Moreover, parents and teachers should encourage students to bravely face up to challenges. As is known to all, the more challenging something is, the more rewarding it usually is. Only in these ways can university students absorb more knowledge, acquire various practical skills, and make themselves more competitive in the future job market.



2018

就我而言，读大学并不是为了获得学位，而是为了提升个人能力、拓宽视野。如果学生想从大学获得最大收获，他们必须抓住一切机会去学习一些有挑战性的内容，只要这些内容对自己有益。此外，家长和老师应该鼓励学生勇敢地面对挑战。众所周知，一件事情越有挑战性，通常回报也越大。只有这样，大学生才能学习更多知识，掌握各种实践技能，让自己在未来的职场中更有竞争力。



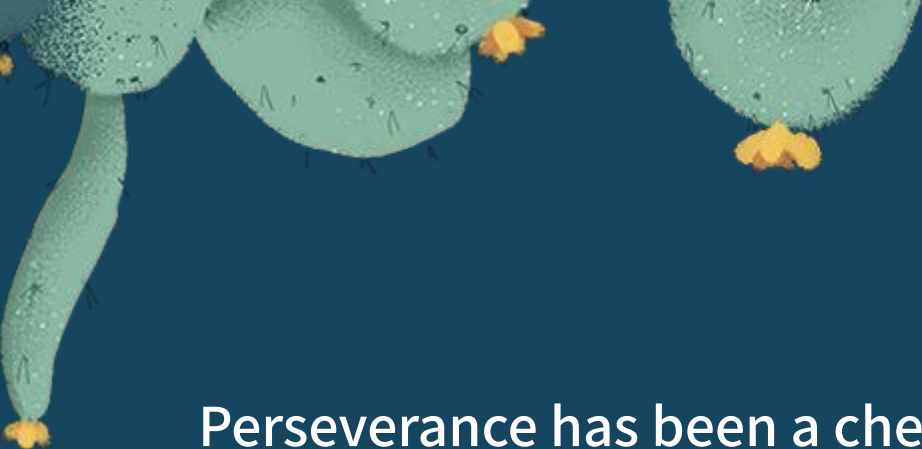
2019

The picture reflects a phenomenon that some young people lack the spirit of persistence and therefore are liable to quit easily whenever they run into any difficulty. These young people may have been excessively spoiled by their parents who do not teach them the significance of perseverance. So when they are tired and feel overwhelmed, the first word that comes to their mind is “quit” . Also, a small proportion of young people are not ambitious enough, they will not set a goal that needs them to be perseverant to achieve. In today's society, which is full of fierce competition, less persistent young people may end up living a busy but fruitless life.



2019

这幅图向我们反映了一个现象：有些年轻人缺乏坚持不懈的精神，一旦遇到任何困难，他们会轻易放弃。他们可能受到父母的过度溺爱，且他们的父母没有教过他们坚持不懈的重要性。所以，当他们感到疲惫、承受不住的时候，第一个出现在他们脑海里的词就是“放弃”。同时，一小部分年轻人不够有抱负，他们不会设定需要通过坚持不懈才能完成的目标。在今天这个充满竞争的社会里，没有坚持不懈精神的年轻人很有可能最终会过得碌碌无为。



Perseverance has been a cherished quality in traditional Chinese culture for thousands of years. In order to make themselves more competitive and successful, young people are advised to recognize the importance of being persistent and cultivate their spirit of perseverance.

坚持不懈是中华优秀传统文化几千年来备受尊崇的品质。为了让自己更有竞争力、更成功，青年人应该意识到坚持不懈的重要性，培养坚毅品质。



2020 The message conveyed in the picture is that college students should develop a good habit and be serious about their study. A good study habit enables students to be more concentrated on their study and improve their study efficiency. With the advent of electronic devices, a proportion of students spend more time on screens, which distracts them from studying hard. Also, some parents do not guide their children on how to develop a good habit, so some students do not have a good study habit.

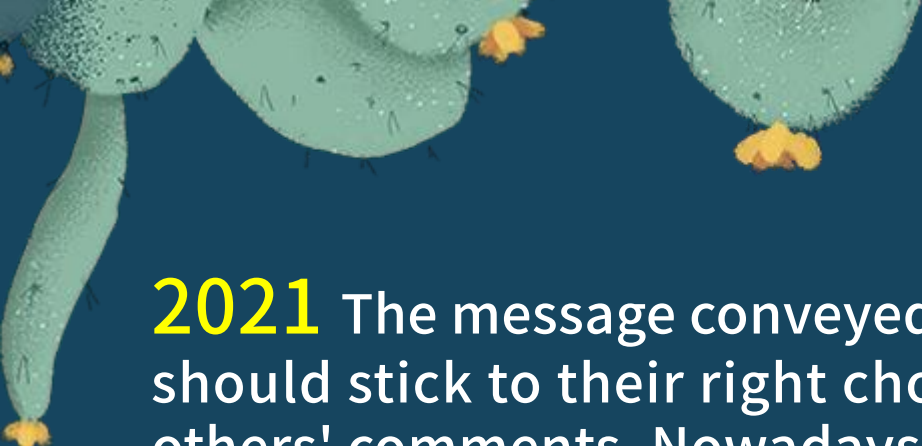
图片传递的信息是大学生应该养成好的学习习惯，并认真对待学习。良好的学习习惯能让学生更投入学习，提升学习效率。随着越来越多电子产品的出现，一部分学生玩电子产品的时间大大提升了，这会使他们的学习分心。同时，一些家长在没有指导孩子如何养成良好的学习习惯。



2020

It is every student's responsibility to develop a good study habit. Teachers and parents should help students to develop a good habit, otherwise they will not have amazing academic achievements and end up living a fruitless life.

养成良好的学习习惯是每一个学生的责任。教师以及家长应该帮助学生养成良好的学习习惯，否则他们不会取得不错的学业成就，并且会过着碌碌无为的生活。

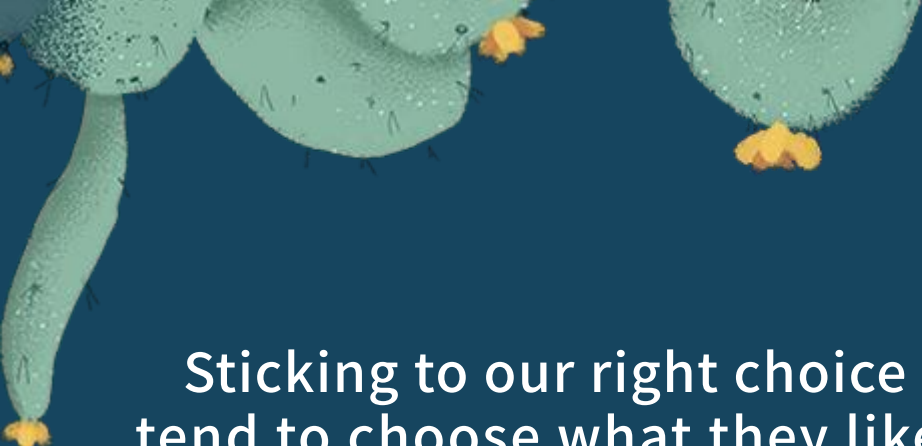


2021 The message conveyed in the picture is that young people should stick to their right choice instead of being influenced by others' comments. Nowadays, a proportion of young people give up their choice just because their parents or friends don't think it is good. But as the saying goes, “One man's meat is another man's poison.” As is known to all, people are more likely to stick to their own choice, long enough to eventually achieve success. Take the girl from Hunan province as an example. She got a high score on Gaokao, which would have made it possible for her to choose almost any popular major in a top university. But her interest is in archaeology and since childhood her dream has been to be an archaeologist. So she finally chose to study archaeology in university, a less popular major in the eyes of many, ignoring what other people might think about her choice.



2021

图片传达的信息是年轻人应该坚持适合自己的选择，不要被别人的评价左右。如今，一部分年轻人会放弃自己的选择，只是因为他们的父母或朋友认为这个选择不好。但是，正如谚语所说：“萝卜白菜，各有所爱。”众所周知，人们对于自己的选择更容易长期坚持下去，最终取得成功。以那个湖南女孩为例。她在高考中斩获高分，她的分数足以让她录取到顶尖大学的任何热门专业。但是，她对考古感兴趣，她从小梦想是做一名考古学家。所以，她不顾他人的看法，最终选择在大学读他人眼中的冷门专业——考古学。



Sticking to our right choice is a vital quality because people tend to choose what they like and they are more likely to do better in what they like. Thus, parents and teachers should promote the importance of this quality among the young. Young people should be encouraged to stick to their choice so that they can realize their dream as soon as possible.

坚持适合自己的选择是一个重要品质，因为人们经常会选择自己喜欢的事情，喜欢的事情容易做得更好。因此，家长和老师应该多跟年轻人宣传这种品质的重要性。应该鼓励年轻人坚持自己的选择，以便他们尽早实现自己的梦想。